## Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application. Listing of claims:

1. (Currently amended) A compound of formula (I),

$$R_{2}$$
 $N-R_{1}$ 
 $C(CR_{13}R_{14})_{x}$ 
 $G$ 
 $(R_{16}R_{15}C)_{y}$ 
 $W$ 
 $(I)_{x}$ 

or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate, thereof, in which:

R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl-or is taken together with R<sub>2</sub> or R<sub>3</sub> to form a monocyclic or bicyclic aryl, eycloalkyl, heteroaryl or heterocycle;

 $R_2$  is  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl or  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl optionally substituted with one to three aryl, cycloalkyl, or heteroaryl, provided that where G is  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl,  $A_1$ -NR<sub>18</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>19</sub>, or  $A_1$ -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>17</sub>, or when y is 0, R<sub>2</sub> is may be or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl or  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, each optionally substituted with heteroaryl;

G is selected from  $A_1$ -NR<sub>18</sub>C(=O)R<sub>197</sub>  $A_1$ -NR<sub>18</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>17</sub>,  $A_2$ -NR<sub>18</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>19</sub>, and  $A_1$ -NR<sub>20</sub>C(=O)NR<sub>18</sub>R<sub>19</sub> wherein  $A_1$ -is-a bond,  $C_1$ -alkylene, or  $C_2$ -alkenylene, or where G is  $A_1$ -NR<sub>18</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>19</sub>, or when y is 0, R<sub>2</sub> ismay be C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl, each optionally substituted with heteroaryl;

W is selected from substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclo, heteroaryl, or cycloalkyl selected from azetidinyl and imidazolyl, each optionally substituted with lower alkyl;

R<sub>13</sub>, R<sub>14</sub>, R<sub>15</sub> and R<sub>16</sub> are <u>hydrogen</u> selected independently of each other from hydrogen, alkyl; substituted alkyl, amino, alkylamino, hydroxy, alkoxy, aryl, eyeloalkyl, heteroaryl, or heterocyclo; or R<sub>13</sub> and R<sub>14</sub>, or R<sub>15</sub> and R<sub>16</sub>; when attached to the same carbon atom, may join to form a spirocycloalkyl ring;

R<sub>17</sub> is alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclo, or heteroaryl;

R<sub>18</sub>, R<sub>19</sub>, and R<sub>20</sub> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkenyl, substituted alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclo, or C(=O)R<sub>28</sub>; or when G is NH(C=O)R<sub>19</sub>, R<sub>19</sub> may be a bond joined to W to define a heterocyclo ring; provided, however, that when y is at least one, W is imidazolyl, indolyl, NR<sub>21</sub>R<sub>22</sub>, or OR<sub>23</sub>, and G is -NR<sub>18</sub>C(=O)R<sub>19</sub>, then R<sub>19</sub> is not a C<sub>1</sub>-alkyl having the substituent -NR<sub>29</sub>R<sub>31</sub>;

 $R_{29}$  and  $R_{31}$  are selected from hydrogen, alkyl, haloalkyl, hydroxyalkyl, phenylalkyl, and alkoxycarbonylalkyl, or  $R_{29}$  and  $R_{31}$  taken together form a heterocyclo ring;

x is 0, 1, or 2; and

y is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4.

2. (Currently amended) A compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate, thereof, in which:

G is selected from:

 $e - NR_{18}C(=O)R_{19}$ ;

b)  $C_{1-6}$  alkylene or  $C_{2-6}$  alkenylene joined to one of  $NR_{18}C(=0)R_{19}$ ,  $-NR_{18}CO_2R_{19}$ , and  $-NR_{18}CO_2R_{19}$ ;

R<sub>17</sub> is C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>5-6</sub>cycloalkyl, phenyl, or benzyl;

 $R_{18}$ ,  $R_{19}$ , and  $R_{20}$  are independently selected from hydrogen,  $C_{1\text{-4}}$ alkyl, phenyl, benzyl,  $C_{5\text{-}}$ 6cycloalkyl,  $-C(=O)CH_2(\text{phenyloxy})$ ,  $-C(=O)CH_2(\text{benzyloxy})$ , imidazolyl, pyridyl, furyl, thienyl, or  $C_{1\text{-4}}$ alkyl or  $C_{2\text{-4}}$ alkenyl substituted with one of phenyl, pyridyl, furyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl,  $CO_2Me$ , phenyloxy, or benzyloxy, wherein each ringed group of  $R_{18}$ ,  $R_{19}$ , and  $R_{20}$  in turn is optionally substituted with one to two  $R_{36}$ , and/or optionally has a benzene ring or five membered heterocyclo having two oxygen atoms fused thereto; and

 $R_{36}$  is halogen, methoxy, nitro, phenyl, phenyloxy, or alkylamino.

3. (Currently amended) A compound according to claim 2, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate,-thereof, in which

R<sub>18</sub> is hydrogen or lower alkyl, and

R<sub>19</sub> is C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl, phenyl, benzyl, C<sub>5-6</sub>cycloalkyl, -C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>(phenyloxy), -C(=O)CH<sub>2</sub>(benzyloxy), imidazolyl, pyridyl, furyl, thienyl, or C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl substituted with one of phenyl, phenyl, pyridyl, furyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, CO<sub>2</sub>Me, phenyloxy, and benzyloxy, wherein each ringed group of R<sub>19</sub> in turn is optionally substituted with one to two R<sub>36</sub>, and/or optionally has a benzene ring or five membered heterocyclo having two oxygen atoms fused thereto.

- 4. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 2, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate, thereof, in which W is azetidinyl or imidazolyl.
- 5. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate, thereof, having the formula:

in which

K is phenyl or thiazolyl;

R<sub>30</sub> is selected from C<sub>1.4</sub>alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, alkylamino, phenyl, and -C(=O)phenyl;

t is 0, 1 or 2; and

y is 0, 1 or 2.

- 6. (Canceled)
- 7. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate, thereof, in which

W is a ring selected from:

$$\xi = \frac{1}{N} (R_{34})_{u} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathcal{S}^{\xi} \underbrace{\overset{N}{N}}_{(R_{34})_{v}};$$

R<sub>34</sub> at each occurrence is attached to any available carbon or nitrogen atom of W and is selected from

 $C_{1-6}$ alkyl

u is selected from 0, 1, 2, and 3; and

v is 0, 1 or 2.

8.-9. (Canceled)

10. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate, thereof, in which

 $R_2$  is selected from  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkenylene-K, and  $-(CH_2)_g$ -K;

K is selected from phenyl, napthyl, thienyl, thiazolyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, and  $C_{5-6}$ cycloalkyl, wherein each group K in turn is optionally substituted with one to three  $R_{30}$  or has a benzene ring fused thereto, which also may be substituted with one to three  $R_{30}$ ;

 $R_{30}$  is selected from  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, halogen, nitro, cyano, amino, alkylamino, phenyl, and acylphenyl; and

g is 0, 1, 2 or 3.

11. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate, thereof, in which  $-N(R_1)$ -CH( $R_2$ )- taken together are selected from,

- 12. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate, thereof, in which  $R_1$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-4}$ alkyl.
- 13. (Canceled)
- 14. (Currently amended) A compound having the formula,

$$\begin{array}{c}
O \\
R_2 \\
N \\
R_1 \\
O \\
(CH_2)_x \\
G \\
(H_2C)_y \\
W
\end{array}$$

or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate, thereof, in which:

 $R_1$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl-or is taken together with  $R_2$  or  $R_3$  to form a monocyclic or bicyclic aryl, eycloalkyl, heteroaryl or heterocycle;

 $R_2$  is  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl or  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl optionally substituted with one to three-aryl, cycloalkyl, or heteroaryl, provided that where G is  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, or  $[A_1]$ -NR<sub>18</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>19</sub>, or  $A_1$ -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>17</sub>, or when y is 0, R<sub>2</sub> may be or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl or  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl, each optionally substituted with heteroaryl;

G is selected from:

 $e > NR_{18}C(=O)R_{19}$ 

b)  $C_{1}$  salkylene or  $C_{2}$  salkenylene joined to one of  $-NR_{18}C(=O)R_{19}$ ,  $-NR_{18}CO_{2}R_{19}$ , and  $-NR_{20}C(=O)NR_{18}R_{19}$ ;

W is selected from -substituted or unsubstituted heterocyclo, heteroaryl, or cycloalkyl selected from azetidinyl and imidazolyl, each optionally substituted with lower alkyl;

R<sub>17</sub> is alkyl, substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclo, or heteroaryl;

R<sub>18</sub>, R<sub>19</sub>, and R<sub>20</sub> are independently selected from hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclo, C(=O)R<sub>28</sub> or a C<sub>1-4</sub>alkyl or C<sub>2-4</sub>alkenyl substituted with one or more of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclo, alkoxycarbonyl, phenyloxy, and/or benzyloxy, and each of said ringed groups of R<sub>18</sub>, R<sub>19</sub>, and R<sub>20</sub> in turn is optionally substituted with one to two R<sub>36</sub>;

 $R_{21}$  and  $R_{22}$  are selected from alkyl and substituted alkyl;

R<sub>36</sub> is halogen, methoxy, nitro, phenyl, phenyloxy, or alkylamino;

x is 0, 1, or 2; and

y is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4.

15. (Canceled)

16. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 14, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate, thereof, in which E is

- 17. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 14, or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate, thereof, in which G is NHC(=O)(alkyl) or NHC(=O)phenyl.
- 18. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 1, having the formula,

pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate, thereof.

19. (Previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound according to claim 1 or a pharmaceutically-acceptable salt or hydrate, thereof; and a pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier or diluent.

20. – 23. (Canceled)